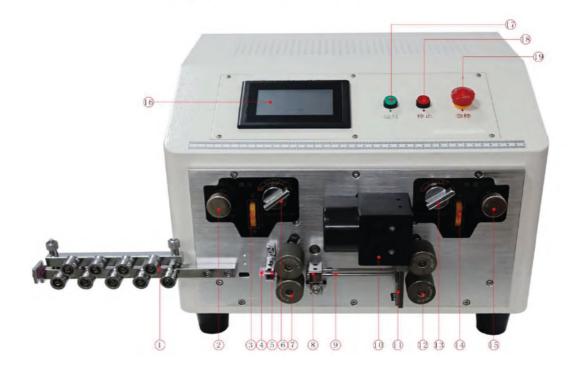


Edition No.: 2020 Rev 1

(CE, ISO9001)

NTCS Series Full-automatic Computer Wire Stripping Machine Operation Manual (FOR NTCS 6)

Part One: Overview



- 1. Straightening frame: wire straightening effect
- 2. Pressure adjusting knob of the cable-in wheel:adjust the pressure between the two wheels of the cable-in wheel, pull out the knob to rotate clockwise to increase the pressure, and rotate it counterclockwise to decrease the pressure, adjust to the appropriate pressure and push it in to fix it.
- 3. Gap adjustment knob of the wire feed wheel: The gap between the feed wire wheel is increased when it is turned up, and the gap is reduced when it is turned down. The gap between the two wheels is pressed against the wire harness, and it is best to not let the wireharness slip.
- 4. Cable entry hole: The wire rod penetrates into the cable entry hole and enters the cable entry wheel.

- 5. Inlet hole seat: fixed catheter, move up and down to adjust the center position of the catheter and blade.
- 6. Feeder wheel lift function: rotate the feeder wheel counterclockwise, and rotate the feeder wheel clockwise.
- 7. Wire feed wheel: The motor drives the wire feed wheel to rotate so that the wire material moves forward and backward, and cooperates with the function of the wire feed and stripping head of the knife holder.
- 8. Pipe seat: fixed catheter function, can be adjusted up and down so that the front and rear rollers and catheter become a center line.
- 9. Pipe: The wire penetrates into the catheter and enters the knife edge to fix the wire, at the center of the upper and lower knife edges.
- 10. Knife holder assembly cover: protect debris from entering the knife holder assembly.
- 11. Blade: It is divided into upper and lower pieces, the upper part of the short device and the lower part of the long device. The two pieces are one piece. The upper and lower blades are vertical when the device is installed.
- 12. Outgoing wheel: The motor drives the outgoing wheel to rotate to make the wire harness move forward and backward, and cooperates with the function of exiting and stripping the knife holder.
- 13. The outlet wheel lifting function: rotate the outlet wheel clockwise, and rotate the outlet wheel counterclockwise.
- 14. Outlet wheel clearance adjustment knob: The clearance of the outlet

wheel increases when it is rotated upward, and decreases when it is rotated downward.

- 15. Outlet wheel pressure adjustment knob: adjust the pressure between the two wheels of the outlet wheel, pull out the knob to rotate counterclockwise to increase the pressure, turn clockwise to decrease the pressure, adjust the appropriate pressure and push it inward to fix it.
- 16. Display: adjust the parameters of the wire to be processed.
- 17. Start: When the data input is completed without error, press [Start] to make the machine work.
- 18. Stop: Press [Stop] to stop the machine.
- 19. Emergency stop: When the machine is in working state, press [Emergency Stop], the machine will stop working urgently.
- ▼ Note that before the power is turned off, no matter the machine is working or stopped, the blade cannot be approached by hand.

Part 2: Operation of the computer

PRO. CUTTING & STRIPPING MACHINE UPH						
REVE	VERSE LENGTH		mm FORWARD			
STRIP LEN	cu	ITER DIA	STRIP LE	N		
STRIP OFF	ситт	ER BACK	STRIP OF	F		
SET COUNT	SET BATCH	FINISHED	BATCH DELAY	INCH MODE		
				SETTING		
STEP	START	STOP	RESET	EM-STOP		

Picture 1

- 1.1. Program: store parameters from 0-99 program serial numbers.
- 1.2 UPH: to wait.
- 1.3. FORWARD: Thread the thread into the cable entry hole until the cable entry roller. Press the [Thread entry] roller to automatically feed the thread forward.
- 1.4 REVERSE: Press [Return] wheel to automatically retreat the line backward.
- 1.5. SINGLE STEP / SINGLE CYCLE / Full automatic: Press the start button to run a single action in the case of inching, press the start button to run a complete action in the test machine, and press the start button to continue the operation in the fully automatic case.
- 1.6. Start: When the data input is completed without error, press [Start] to

make the machine work.

- 1.7. Stop: Press [Stop] to stop the machine.
- 1.8. Reset: Make each part of the machine return to the origin.
- 1.9 Emergency stop: When the machine is in working state, press [Emergency Stop], the machine will stop working urgently.
- 1.10. Length: The total length of the cutting wire, the unit is mm.
- 1.11. Strip Len: The required length of the wire end.
- 1.12. Strip Off: The length of the stripping of the wire at the tip of the wire. If the stripping parameter is less than the threading parameter, it is called half stripping. If the stripping parameter is greater than the threading parameter, it is called full stripping.
- 1.13. Strip Len: the required length of the end of the wire.
- 1.14. Strip Off: The length of the stripping of the rubber at the end of the wire. If the tail stripping parameter is less than the wire tail parameter, it is called half stripping.
- 1.15. Cutter dia: refers to the cutting section of the number of steps transmitted by the knife holder drive motor, and controls the cutting depth of the wire end and the tail. Then, the smaller the upper and lower knife openings, the deeper the cutting depth. The opening distance of the upper and lower knife edges is calculated in millimeters. The diameter of the core wire of the wire is mm, and the diameter of the wire is entered as much as mm.

- 1.16. Cutter Back: Refers to the blade cutting into a certain depth and retreating to a certain size to avoid the core wire being scratched. The size of the retreat is determined according to the thickness of the wire rubber. The thicker the rubber is, the larger the retreat is. ~ 5.0 mm.
- 1.17. Set Count: refers to the total output of set work. The input data cannot be less than the quantitative input data. If the data is less than the quantitative data, the machine will not work.
- 1.18. Finished: cumulative production quantity.
- 1.19. Set Batch: how many parameters the machine operates and how many times the machine automatically stops. If you enter 100 machines to 100 times, it will automatically stop. Enter 0 for no quantitative data, the machine will not automatically stop, and the data will reach the set total amount. Downtime.
- 1.20. Batch Delay: When the machine reaches the specified amount, how many seconds will it delay, and it will start automatically and continue to run.

Manual setting

CUTTER	FORWARD	REVERSE	DATUM	
CUTTER CLOSE				
AIR BLOW 0	FF			
PIPE 0	FF			
	RETU	IRN		

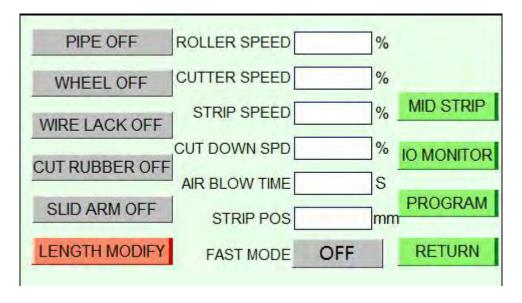
Picture 2

2.1. Cutter: Press the forward button to close the upper and lower blades. As the number in the square increases, press the back button to open the upper and lower blades.

As the number in the grid decreases, when the spacing between the upper and lower blades is 0 points, confirm that the number in the grid is the reference data, and return to zero to detect the return to the origin.

- 2.2. Cutter Close: Confirm the reference point of the upper and lower cutters, and enter this parameter into the grid.
- 2.3. Air Blow: Blow off the thread on the blade.
- 2.4. Pipe: The catheter swings up and down to prevent the tail of the wire from hitting the catheter.

Parameter settings:



Picture 3

- 3.1 Roller speed: refers to the motor feed roller speed of 00-99, 00 is the slowest and 99 is the fastest.
- 3.2. Cutter speed: refers to the cutting speed of the knife holder driven by the motor, the speed is 00-99, 00 is the slowest and 99 is the fastest.
- 3.3 Strip speed: refers to the speed at which the rubber peels off. The slower the speed, the greater the peeling force, and the faster the speed, the smaller the peeling force.
- 3.3. Cut Down SPD: Refers to the speed at which the upper and lower blades touch the wire until cutting, the speed is 00-99, 00 is the fastest, and 99 is the slowest.
- 3.4 Air Blow time: Each blowing time is adjustable.
- 3.5. Pipe: The pipe swings up and down to avoid the tail of the wire

colliding with the catheter.

- 3.6. Wheel: not
- 3.7. Wire Lack: automatic shutdown when the wire is missing.
- 3.8. Cut Rubber: if the wire skin falls on the blade, turn on the function to cut the wire skin to avoid overlapping the second action to cut the wire.

Length correction

SET LENGTH	mm
ACTUAL LENGTH	mm
MODIFY LENGTH	
	RETURN

Picture 4

- 4.1. Set length: Enter the total length parameter set in [Picture 1].
- 4.2. Actual length: Enter the actual total length data for processing.
- 4.3. Modify length: Press the modified total length to automatically modify the total length parameter.

MIDDLE STRIP

POS01	WINDOW	MIDCUT OFF	
POS02	WINDOW	DIA MODIFY	
POS03	WINDOW		
POS04	WINDOW	LENGTH MODIFY	
POS05	WINDOW		
POS06	WINDOW		
POS07	WINDOW	NEXT	
POS08	WINDOW	RETURN	5

MIDCUT: on / off

5.1. DIA MODIFY: when the middle stripping wire and the copper wire are too tight to be stripped, the cutting depth of the middle stripping can be slightly increased.

For example, 0.1 means 0.1+ [Picture 1] wire diameter.

- 5.2. LENGTH MODIFY: the last end is provided with a liner on the top, and the total length can be finely adjusted to remove the liner.
- 5.3. POS 01: The length of the cut wire from the wire to the first place in the middle; Stripping: The peeling distance from the first place in the middle.
- 5.4, POS 02: The length of the skin cut from the top of the wire to the second place in the middle; Stripping: The stripping distance from the second place in the middle.

By analogy ...